

## Tutorial N°3

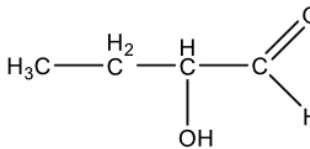
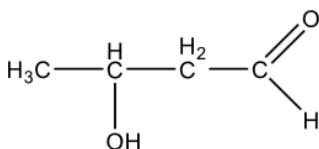
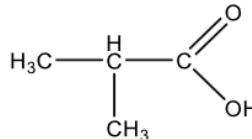
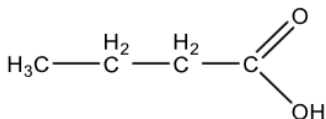
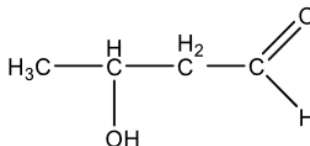
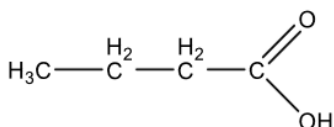
### Exercise 1 :

Consider the molecule ( $C_xH_yO_zN_t$ ) with a molar mass of 117.15 g/mol. The mass percentage of each constituent element of this molecule is given as follows : C = 51.26 % , H = 9.46 % , O = 27.32 % and N = 11.96 % .

Data : C : 12 g/mol , H : 1 g/mol , O : 16 g/mol , N : 14 g/mol.

- Find the molecular formula of the molecule.

**Exercise 2 :** What type of isomeric relationship exists between each pair of molecules ?



### Exercise 3 :

For each molecular formula ( $C_4H_8O$  and  $C_4H_9ON$ ), suggest : - 02 chain isomers – 02 positional isomers - 02 functional isomers.

### Exercise 4 :

Represent the following molecules using Cram, Newman and Fischer projections:

- 2,3-dichlorobutane.
- 2-hydroxypropanoic acid.

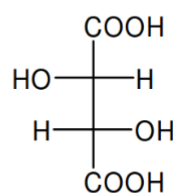
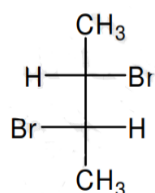
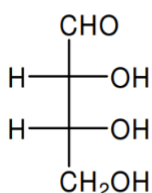
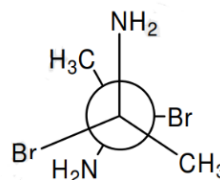
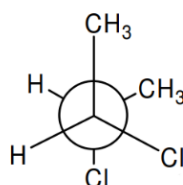
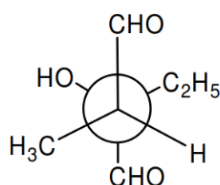
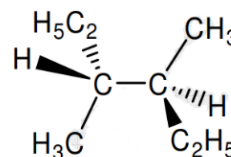
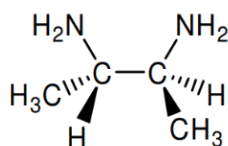
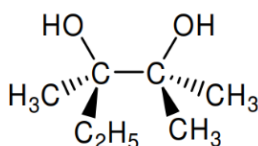
### Exercise 5 :

According to the Cahn-Ingold-Prelog sequential rule, what is the order of priority of the following substituents ? :

- |                     |                    |                                  |                     |
|---------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|
| a. -OH              | -OCH <sub>3</sub>  | -CH <sub>3</sub>                 | -CH <sub>2</sub> OH |
| b. -CN              | -NHCH <sub>3</sub> | -CH <sub>2</sub> NH <sub>2</sub> | -NH <sub>2</sub>    |
| c. -COOH            | -COCH <sub>3</sub> | -CHO                             | -CONH <sub>2</sub>  |
| d. -NH <sub>2</sub> | -SH                | -OCOCH <sub>3</sub>              | -CCl <sub>3</sub>   |

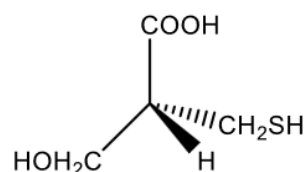
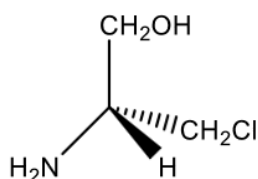
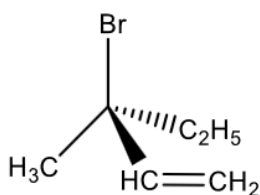
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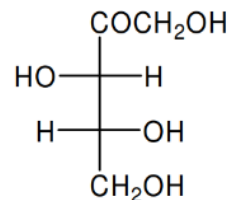
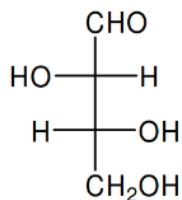
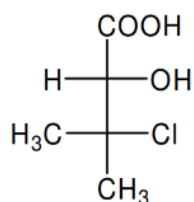
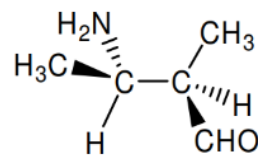
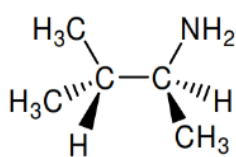
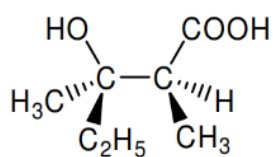
Which of the following molecules are chiral ?



### Exercise 7 :

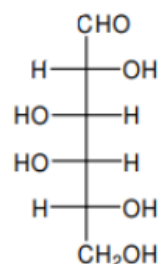
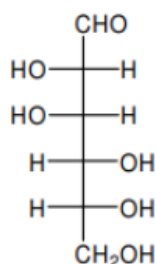
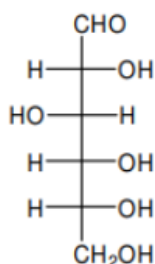
Determine the absolute configuration (R, S) of the asymmetric carbons in the following molecules:





### Exercise 8 :

Consider the following 4C sugars. Give the absolute configuration of each asymmetric carbon. Are these three compounds enantiomers or diastereoisomers?



### Exercise 9 :

Give the cis-trans and Z-E geometric stereoisomerism of the following molecules

