

Series 5 : LINEAR ALGEBRA

Exercise 1

$$\forall x, y \in \mathbb{R}^+ : xTy = \ln(e^x + e^y - 1)$$

Show that T is an internal composition law of \mathbb{R}^+ and show that (\mathbb{R}^+, T) is a commutative group.

Exercise 2

The following families are free or linearly dependent in \mathbb{R}^3

1) $U_1 = (1, 2, 3), V_2 = (-1, 4, 6)$

2) $U_2 = (1, 2, -1), V_2 = (1, 0, 1), W_2 = (0, 0, 1)$

3) $U_3 = (1, 2, -1), V_3 = (1, 0, 1), W_3 = (-1, 2, -3)$

4) $U_4 = (1, 2, -1), V_4 = (1, 0, 1), W_4 = (-1, 2, -3), Z_4 = (-1, 2, -3)$

Exercise 3

Show that the vectors $U_1 = (0, 1, 1), U_2 = (1, 0, 1), U_3 = (1, 1, 0)$ form a base of \mathbb{R}^3 , and find in this base the coordinates of the vector $V = (1, 1, 1)$.

Exercise 4 Of the following sets, which are or are not vector subspaces?

If yes, give a generating family, a base and the dimension

1) $E_1 = \{(x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3, x + y + 3z = 0\}$

2) $E_2 = \{(x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3, x + y + 3z = 2\}$

3) $E_3 = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2, xy = 0\}$